



12

WAYS TO REDUCE YOUR CANCER RISK

**BASED ON THE EUROPEAN
CODE AGAINST CANCER.**



Did you know that 4 in 10 cancers are preventable?

What can you do to reduce your risk of cancer?

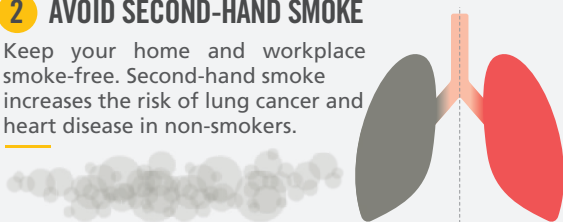
1 DO NOT SMOKE

One in three of all cancers is related to smoking. Cut out the cigarettes and cut your cancer risk.



2 AVOID SECOND-HAND SMOKE

Keep your home and workplace smoke-free. Second-hand smoke increases the risk of lung cancer and heart disease in non-smokers.



3 BE A HEALTHY WEIGHT

As the amount of fat in the body increases, so does the chance of developing certain cancers. Take action to have a healthy body weight by being physically active and eating a healthy diet.



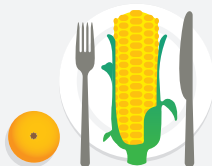
4 BE PHYSICALLY ACTIVE IN EVERYDAY LIFE

Limit the time you spend sitting and aim for at least 30 minutes of moderate physical activity a day.



5 HAVE A HEALTHY DIET

Eat fruit, vegetables, whole grains and pulses. Limit foods high in sugar, salt and fat. Avoid processed meat and limit red meat.



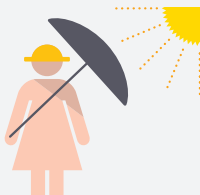
6 AVOID ALCOHOL

Drinking alcohol can cause at least seven types of cancer. Cutting back or avoiding alcohol altogether will reduce your risk.



7 AVOID TOO MUCH SUN

Skin cancer is the most common cancer in Ireland with over 10,000 new cases diagnosed every year. Be SunSmart: protect your skin when outdoors (sunscreen is not enough) and avoid sunbeds.



8 POLLUTANTS

Protect yourself in your workplace and follow health and safety instructions.



9 RADIATION

Find out if you are exposed to radiation from naturally high radon levels in your home. Visit www.radon.ie for more information.



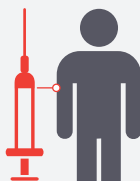
10 ADVICE FOR WOMEN

Breastfeeding is proven to reduce your risk of cancer. HRT is a hormonal drug for menopausal symptoms which increases the risk of certain cancers. Limit HRT.



11 GET VACCINATIONS

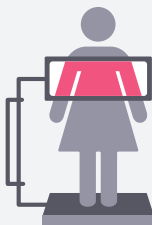
Some cancers are spread by viruses and bacteria. Ensure your children take part in vaccination programmes for hepatitis B (for newborns) and human papillomavirus (HPV) (for girls over 12 years).



12 GET SCREENED FOR CANCER

Screening is checking for cancer or conditions that may lead to cancer in people that may have no symptoms. Take part in organised cancer screening programmes for bowel cancer (men and women), breast cancer (women) and cervical cancer (women).

www.cancerscreening.ie



Cancer specialists and scientists from across Europe compiled the code based on the latest scientific evidence on cancer prevention.

This code was developed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer and the European Commission 2014.

Find out more about the **European Code Against Cancer and ways to reduce your cancer risk on www.cancer.ie/europeancode or call 1800 200 700**

If you are concerned about cancer you can speak with a specialist nurse in confidence by calling our Cancer Nurseline on Freephone 1800 200 700

You can also contact us through our:

- **Email Service** – at cancernurseline@irishcancer.ie
- **Online Community** – on our website www.cancer.ie
- **Daffodil Centres** – check our website www.cancer.ie for a Daffodil Centre near you

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**We won't give up
until cancer does.**